



INDUSTRIALIZE DATA SCIENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING

AMINE SLIMANE – SOLUTION ENGINEERING MANAGER APAC



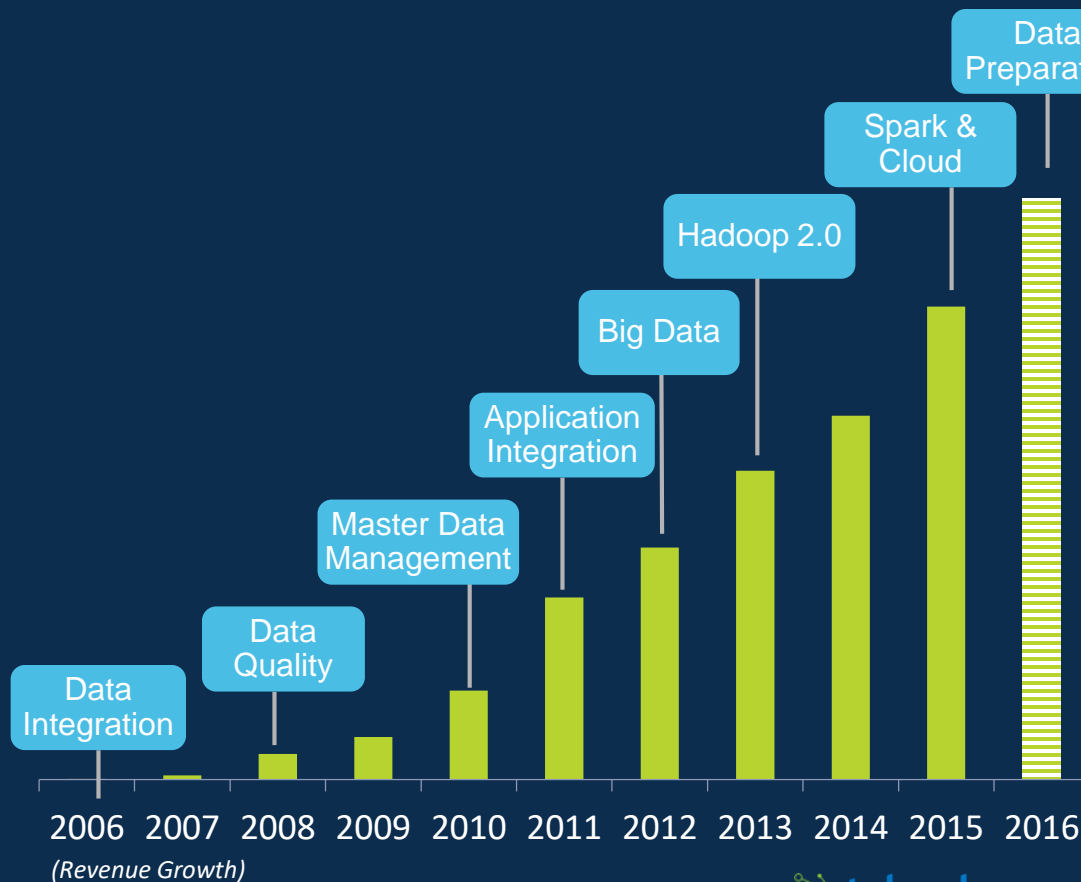
AGENDA

- 01 TALEND PRESENTATION
- 02 WHAT IS MACHINE LEARNING?
- 03 MACHINE LEARNING ALGORITHMS
- 04 TALEND AND MACHINE LEARNING
- 05 DEMONSTRATION

TALEND PRESENTATION



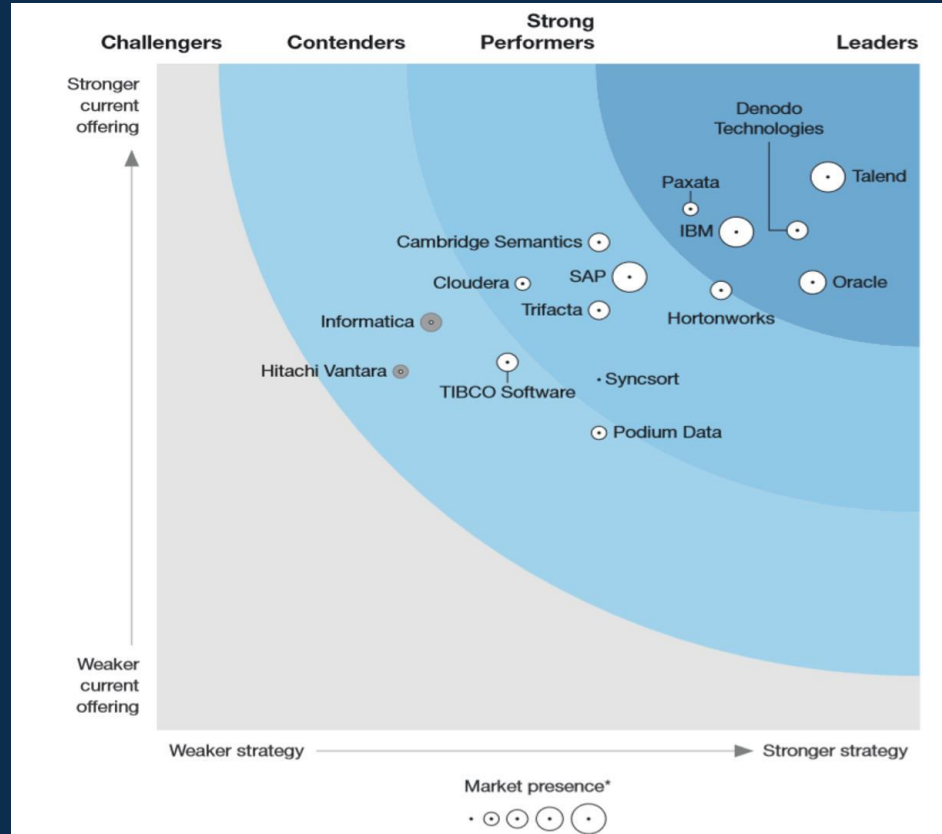
Talend: A History of Innovation and Growth



Key Facts

- Founded in 2006
- 1000+ employees worldwide
- 10 countries
- 1700+ customers
- 3M+ open source downloads
- 500K+ registered users
- Gartner and Forrester leader in DI, Big Data and DQ
- **Open Core Model**

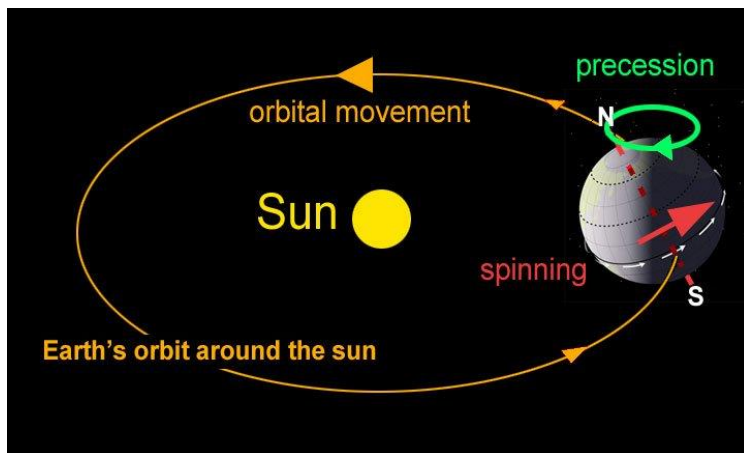
The Forrester Big Data Wave 2018



WHAT IS MACHINE LEARNING?

WILL THE SUN RISE TOMORROW?

- How does a **machine** learn that the sun will rise every morning?
- We are **NOT** going to tell it, we want it to **LEARN**
- The machine knows **NOTHING** about how the universe works
- So, how can it learn?



SO, HOW DOES THE MACHINE LEARN?

- It simply observes and records events
- On Day 1 it sees the sun rise, but it doesn't know if it will rise tomorrow
- It uses the Bayesian interpretation of probability to work it out
- The probability the sun will rise increases each day. We just sum all the possibilities
- So, on Day 1, it will either rise or not, the probability is 0.5
- On Day 2 the probability, haven seen the sun rise once is 0.66
- At the end of the Week it is 0.857
- At the end of the Year it is 0.997

$$P[\{\text{sun rises tomorrow}\} \mid \{\text{it has risen } k \text{ times previously}\}] = \frac{\int_0^1 p^{k+1} dp}{\int_0^1 p^k dp} = \frac{k+1}{k+2}$$

3 MAIN TYPES OF MACHINE LEARNING

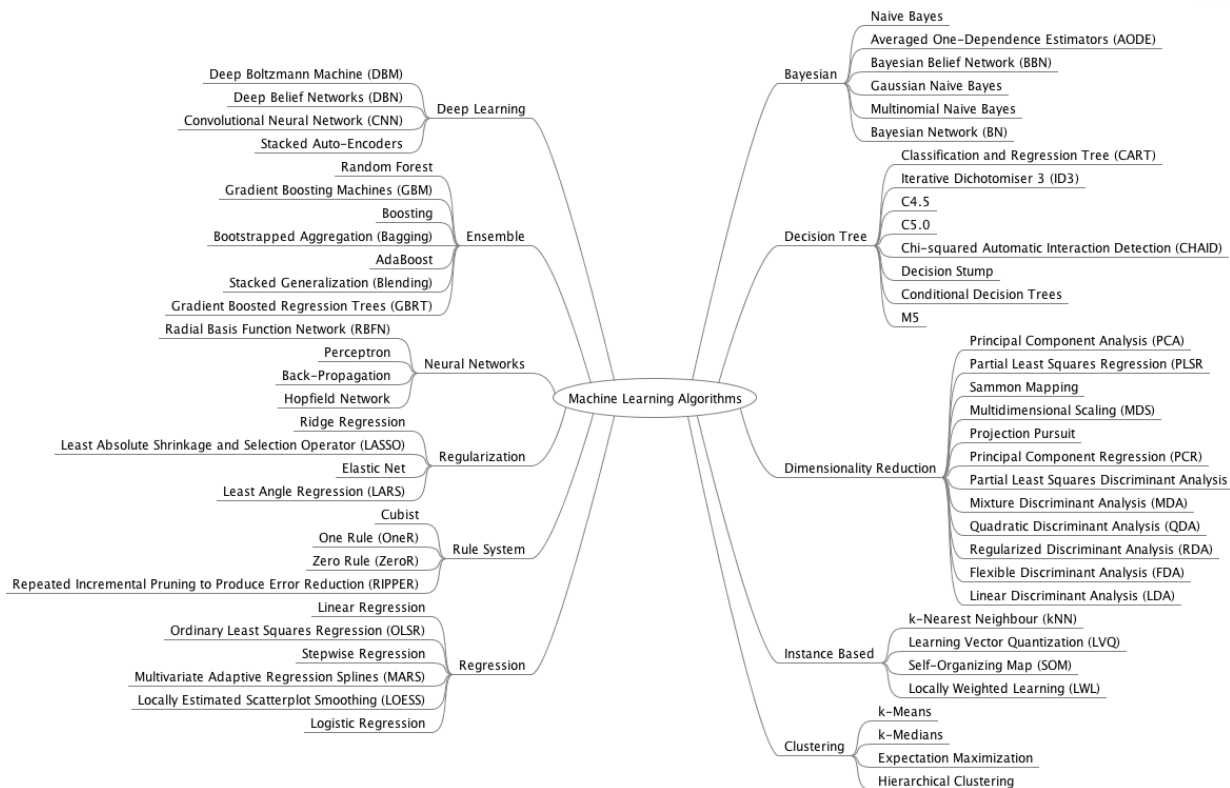
- Supervised Learning
 - A computer is presented with example inputs and desired outputs, and the goal is to learn a general rule that maps inputs to outputs
- Un-supervised Learning
 - No labels are given to the learning algorithm, leaving it on its own to find structure in its input. Unsupervised learning can be a goal in itself (discovering hidden patterns in data) or a means towards an end (feature learning)
- Reinforcement Learning
 - A computer program interacts with a dynamic environment in which it must perform a certain goal (such as driving a vehicle or playing a game against an opponent). The program is provided feedback in terms of rewards and punishments as it navigates its problem space

MACHINE LEARNING ALGORITHMS

MACHINE LEARNING ALGORITHMS

Group algorithms together into types

Lots of types, lots of algorithms



QUESTIONS ML CAN HELP ANSWER

Which products are likely to be bought together?

Collaborative filtering

Will an event happen in the future?

Classification

How much, what will be the number of...?

Regression

Who are my gold customers?

Clustering

What will be the price of this stock in a month?

Gradient boosted tree

Is fraud occurring?

Decision tree

Is that image a known intruder?


















Support Vector Machine
(supervised learning)

TALEND AND MACHINE LEARNING

WHY TALEND FOR MACHINE LEARNING?

- **Reduce** Machine Learning **complexities** using Talend
- Point and Click tools to **apply** various ML **techniques**
 - Classification
 - Clustering
 - Recommendation
 - Regression
- Leverage Spark for **scalability** and **performance**



Machine Learning	
Classification	
	tClassify
	tClassifySVM
	tDecisionTreeModel
	tGradientBoostedTreeModel
	tLogisticRegressionModel
	tNaiveBayesModel
	tPredict
	tRandomForestModel
	tSVMModel
Clustering	
	tKMeansModel
	tPredict
	tPredictCluster
Recommendation	
	tALSModel
	tRecommend
Regression	
	tLinearRegressionModel
	tPredict
	tModelEncoder

DEMONSTRATION

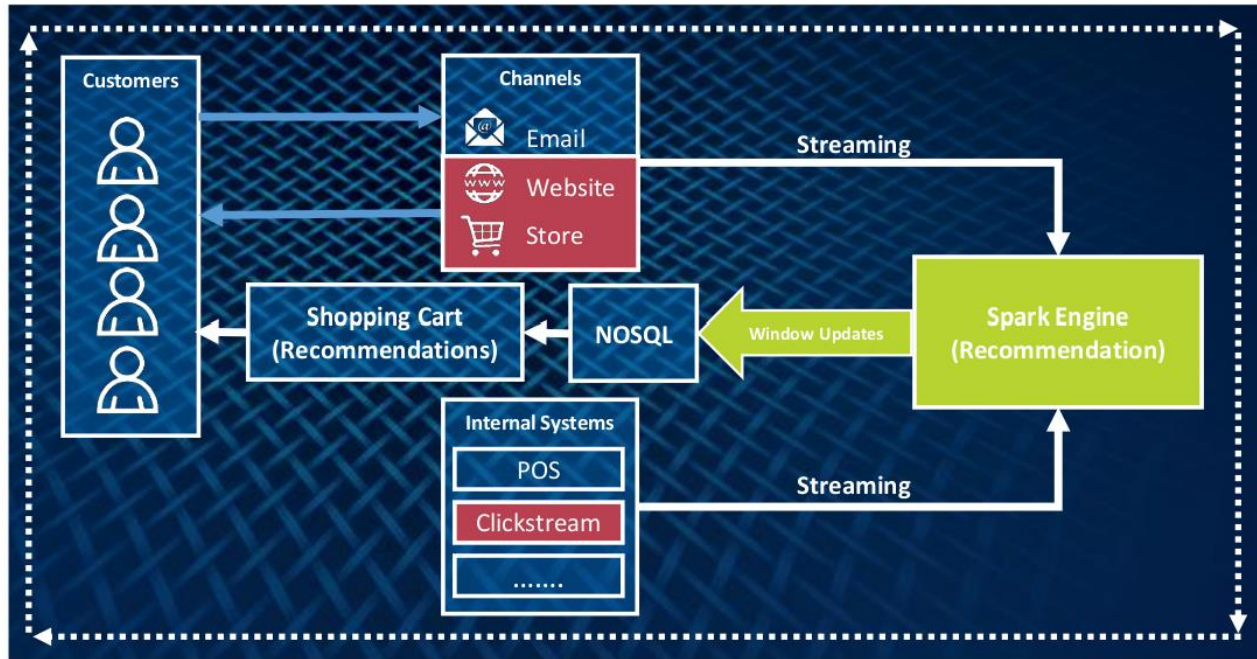
TODAY'S GOAL

Overview:

In this Demo you will see a simple version of making your website an Intelligent Application.

You will experience:

- Building a Spark Recommendation Model
- Setting up a new Kafka topic to help simulate live web traffic coming from Live web users browsing a retail web store.
- Most important you will see first-hand with Talend how you can take streaming data and turn it into real-time recommendations to help improve shopping cart sales.



The interface displays the Talend Data Fabric environment. On the left, a vertical toolbar contains icons for various tools. Below it, a 'Repository' pane shows a tree structure for the 'LOCAL: BigData_Cloudera' project. The tree includes 'Business Models', 'Job Designs' (with sub-items like 'Standard', 'Big Data Batch', 'Big Data Streaming', and 'Joblet Designs'), 'Route Designs' (with 'Routes' and 'Routelets'), 'Services', 'Contexts', 'Resources', 'Code', 'SQL Templates', 'Metadata', 'Documentation', and a 'Recycle bin'.

The central workspace is currently empty. Below the workspace, a tabbed interface shows 'Job', 'Contexts', 'Run Job', 'Component', 'Test Cases', and 'Integration Action'. The 'Component' tab is active, displaying the message 'Properties not available.'

On the right side, there is a 'Palette' pane with the message 'A palette is not available.'

At the bottom left, an 'Outline' pane shows the message 'An outline is not available.'

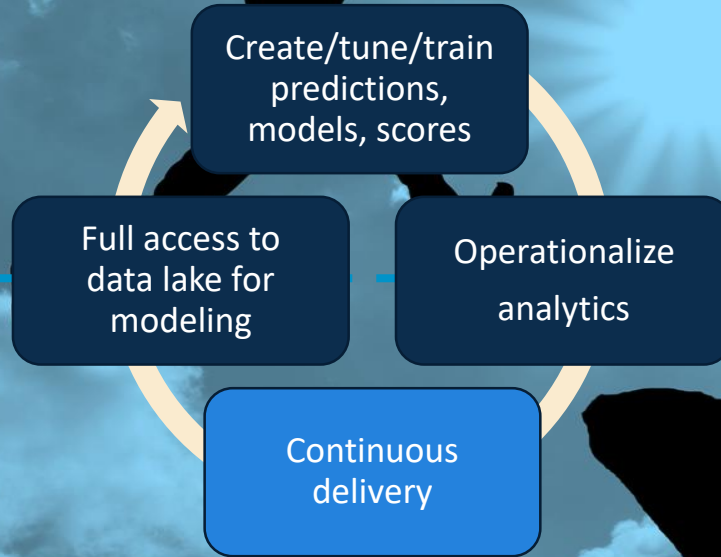
BRIDGING THE GAP BETWEEN DATA SCIENCE & IT



Data
Scientist



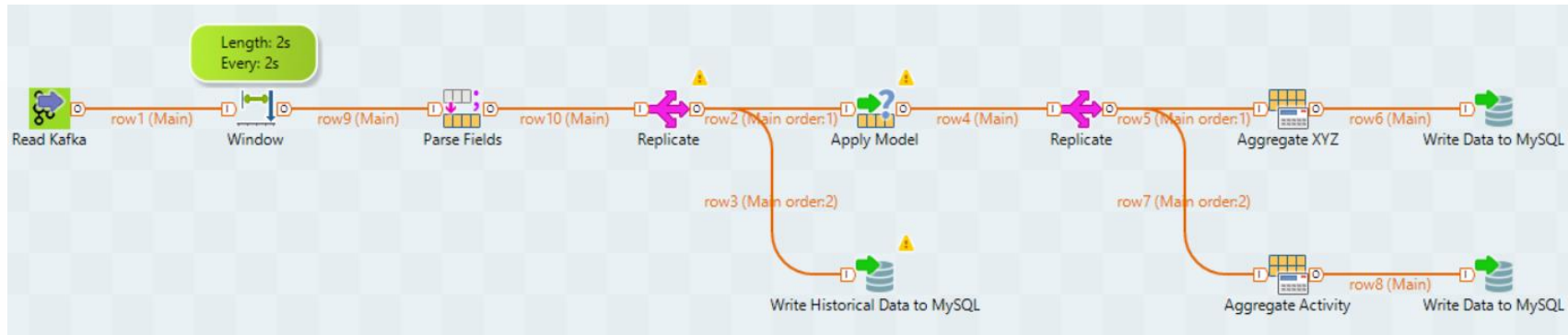
IT



Shorten time for
IT teams to
deliver

OPERATIONALIZING THE MODEL

- Extract, Transform + Apply Machine Learning, Load
- Real-Time Processing using Spark Streaming
- Lambda Architecture (Speed + Batch Layer)
- Deploy On-Premise or In the Cloud



THANK YOU





Download the Talend Sandbox at <https://www.talend.com/products/sandbox>